

Joint Mission Environment Test Capability (JMETC)



Enabling Distributed Cybersecurity T&E

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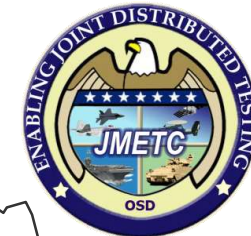
The JMETC Mission



JMETC provides the ***persistent and robust infrastructure (network, integration software, tools, reuse repository) and technical expertise*** to integrate Live, Virtual, and Constructive systems for test and evaluation in Joint Systems-of-Systems environments

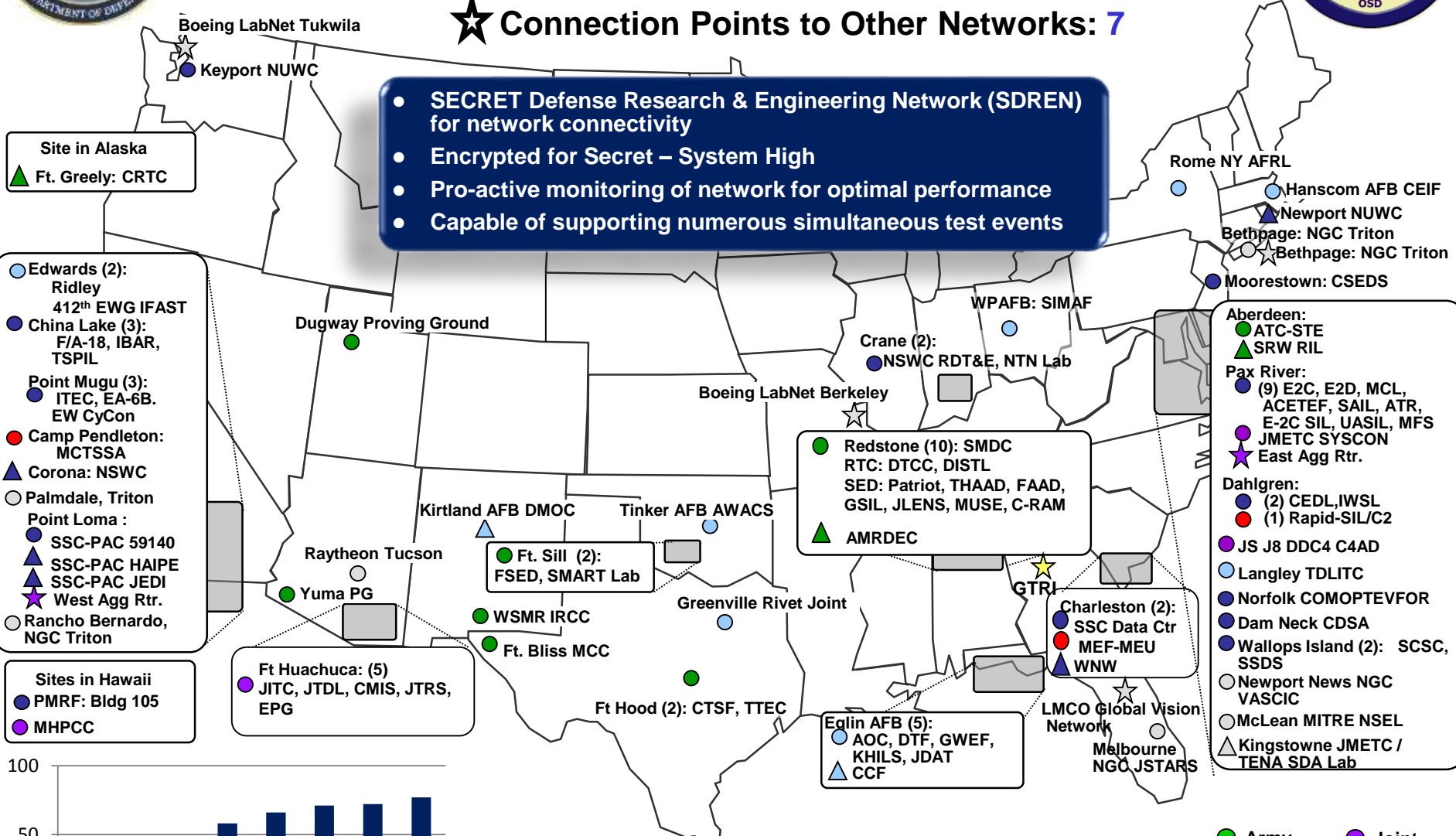


JMETC Connectivity



- Functional Sites: 77
- △ New Sites Planned: 11
- ★ Connection Points to Other Networks: 7

- SECRET Defense Research & Engineering Network (SDREN) for network connectivity
- Encrypted for Secret – System High
- Pro-active monitoring of network for optimal performance
- Capable of supporting numerous simultaneous test events



- Edwards (2): Ridley, 412th EWG IFAST
- China Lake (3): F/A-18, IBAR, TSPIL
- Point Mugu (3): ITEC, EA-6B, EW CyCon
- Camp Pendleton: MCTSSA
- ▲ Corona: NSWC
- Palmdale, Triton
- Point Loma : SSC-PAC 59140, SSC-PAC HAIFE, SSC-PAC JEDI, West Agg Rtr.
- Rancho Bernardo, NGC Triton

- Sites in Hawaii**
- PMRF: Bldg 105
 - MHPCC

- Ft Huachuca: (5)**
- JITC, JTDL, CMIS, JTRS, EPG

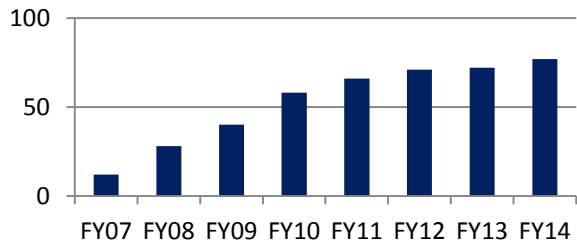
- Redstone (10): SMDC**
- RTC: DTCC, DISTL
 - SED: Patriot, THAAD, FAAD, GSIL, JLENS, MUSE, C-RAM
 - ▲ AMRDEC

- Ft. Sill (2):**
- FSED, SMART Lab

- Charleston (2):**
- SSC Data Ctr
 - MEF-MEU
 - ▲ WNW

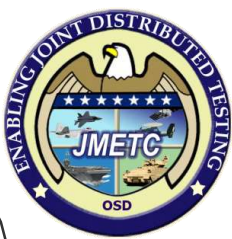
- Eglin AFB (5):**
- AOC, DTF, GWEF, KHILS, JDAT
 - ▲ CCF

- Aberdeen:**
- ATC-SITE
 - ▲ SRW RIL
- Pax River:**
- (9) E2C, E2D, MCL, ACETEF, SAIL, ATR, E-2C SIL, UASIL, MFS
 - JMETC SYSCON
 - ★ East Agg Rtr.
- Dahlgren:**
- (2) CEDL, IWSL
 - (1) Rapid-SIL/C2
- JS J8 DDC4 C4AD
 - Langley TDLITC
 - Norfolk COMOPTEVFOR
 - Dam Neck CDSA
 - Wallops Island (2): SCSC, SSDS
 - Newport News NGC VASCIC
 - McLean MITRE NSEL
 - △ Kingstowne JMETC / TENA SDA Lab



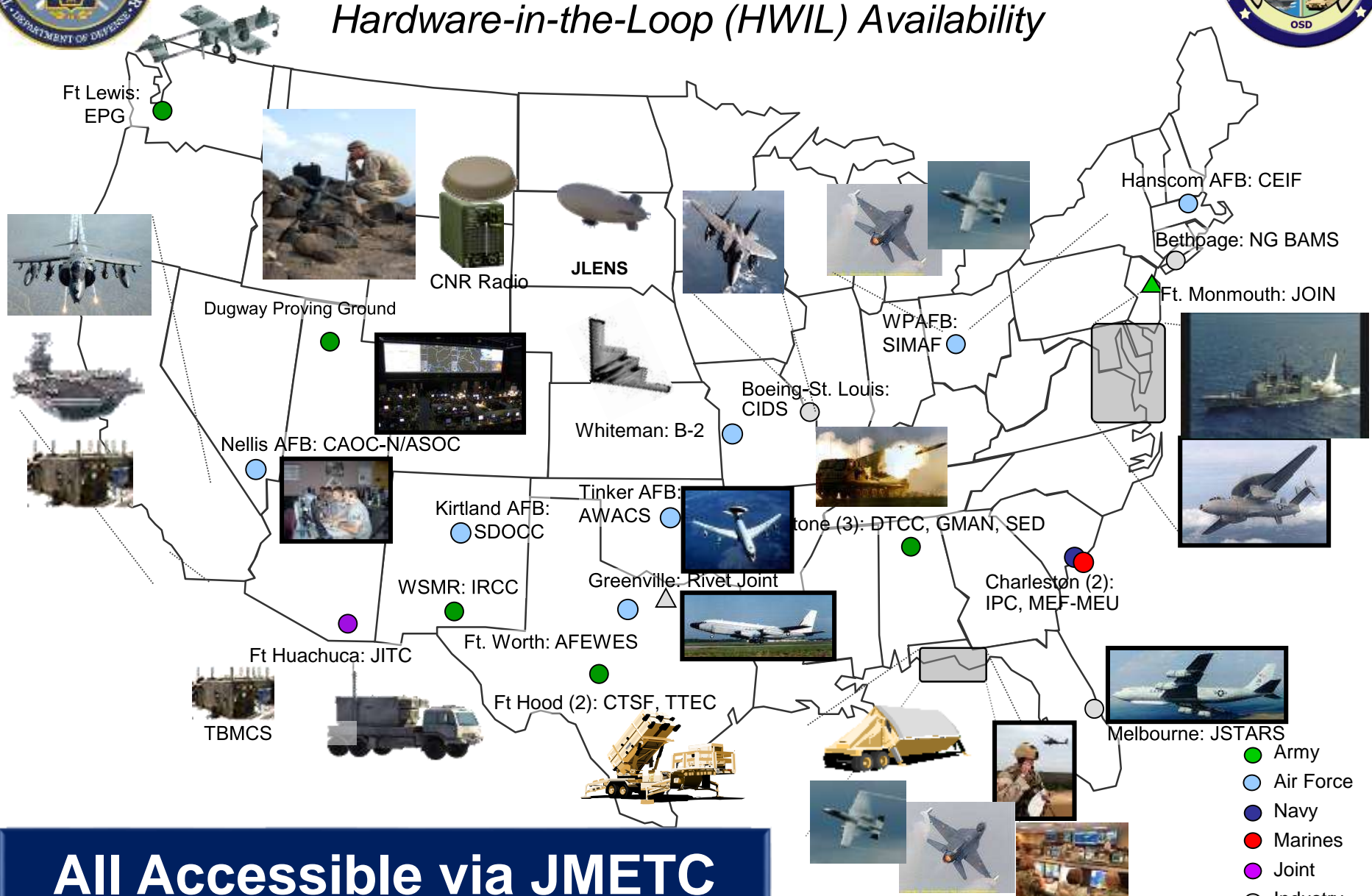
- Army
- Air Force
- Navy
- Marines
- Joint
- Industry
- Academia

As of September 2014



Sampling of Available Assets

Hardware-in-the-Loop (HWIL) Availability



All Accessible via JMETC



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Current Distributed Test Network Gaps



- Current Solution: Use SECRET Defense Research & Engineering Network (SDREN)
- Current Limitations
 - Cannot support SECRET SAP/SAR, TS, TS//SCI, TS//SCI/SAP/SAR (currently limited to SECRET)
 - Inability to bridge kinetic and non-kinetic assets and environments
 - No access to National Cyber Range (NCR), Regional Service Delivery Points (RSDPs), and other Cyber T&E resources
 - Extremely limited access to partner nations
 - Inability to support Tactical IP addressing schema



“JMETC 2.0” Testbed: Pilot Events



- Accredited by Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA)
 - Approved to operate up to TS//SCI
- Several pilot events executed to assess and refine proposed approaches
 - Assess processes, procedures, and CONOPS (e.g., event request, environment creation, distributed NOSC coordination, event documentation, personnel requirements, etc.)
 - Assess network performance/optimization
 - Streamline and document processes and procedures
 - Define internal and external roles & responsibilities
 - Collect lessons learned
 - Establish procedure to “peer” to Joint Information Operations Range (JIOR)
 - “no cost” access to Training and Experimentation Communities’ sites & capabilities
- Finalized enhanced architecture agreed to early September 2014



JMETC Enhanced Distributed Test Infrastructure CONOPS



- Unified Network Infrastructure Approach: continued partnership with HPCMO using DREN as underlying service provider
- Core Network (SDREN)
 - Network connectivity managed by SDREN NOC and accredited by HPCMO DAA
 - Persistent connections (network is optimized and always available for use)
 - Single level of security: SECRET
 - End-to-end technical support (online helpdesk, phone and onsite) and services provided by JMETC
- Enhanced Network
 - Established based on lessons learned from JMETC 2.0 pilot events
 - Connectivity managed by JMETC Network Operations Security Center (NOSC) and accredited by DIA
 - Event specific Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) created for limited duration
 - Multiple Independent Levels of Security (MILS) Architecture
 - Support data classifications up to and including TS//SCI/SAP/SAR
 - Support Coalition connectivity
 - Support embedded Tactical IP addressing schema (including non-routable IP addresses)
 - Technical support provided by JMETC Technical Team when “read on” to the program



Next Steps



- **Finalize Accreditations**
 - Incorporate new name
 - Attain SAP Approval from DoD SAPCO
- **Finalize Funding Model**
 - Intent is that all costs for the Enhanced Infrastructure (both non-recurring and annual recurring) are institutionally funded by JMETC
 - Dependent on available resources
- **Socialization within the Community**
 - Revive JMETC User Groups (tentative)
 - Telecon/Direct-Connect Online (DCO) sessions
 - Website (e.g., FAQs, factsheets, feedback reflectors, etc.)
 - Community Forums
- **Implementation**
 - Four (4) pilot sites (Dahlgren, Dam Neck, Patuxent River, & TSMO) currently online
 - New sites prioritization based on test schedule
 - Near-term deployment limited by availability of Service Delivery Points (SDPs)



National Cyber Range (NCR)



National Cyber Range (NCR) Orlando, FL



- **Oversight:**

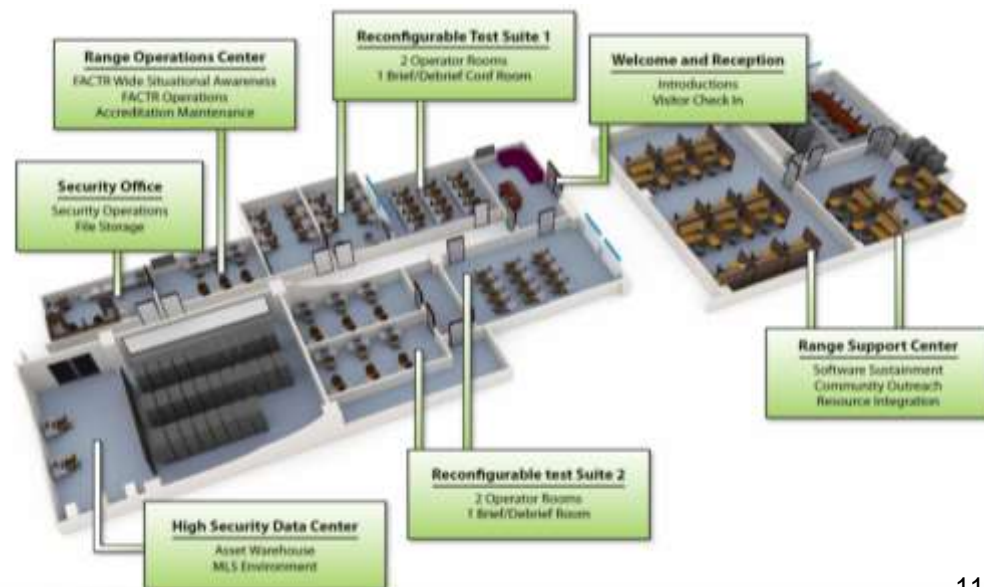
- Transitioned program from the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA) to the TRMC in October 2012
- TRMC charged with “functionalizing” the capabilities for use by the Test, Training, and Experimentation communities

- **Goal**

- Create a secure, controlled facility that can rapidly emulate the complexity of defense & commercial networks, allowing for cost-effective and timely testing in support of the full spectrum of Cyber activities

- **Range Features**

- Automated range build-out capability
- Automated range sanitization
- User friendly environment design and test planning tools
- Supports multiple concurrent tests events at varying classifications

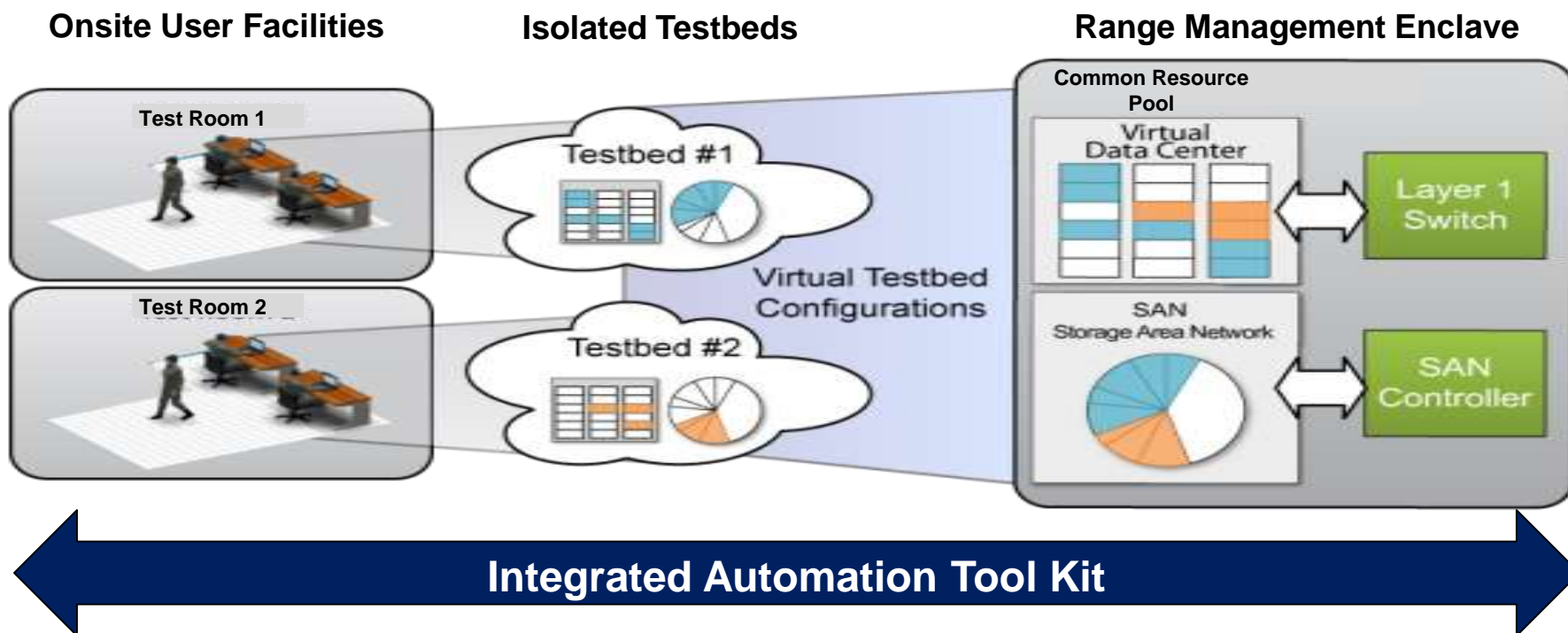




NCR Concept Overview



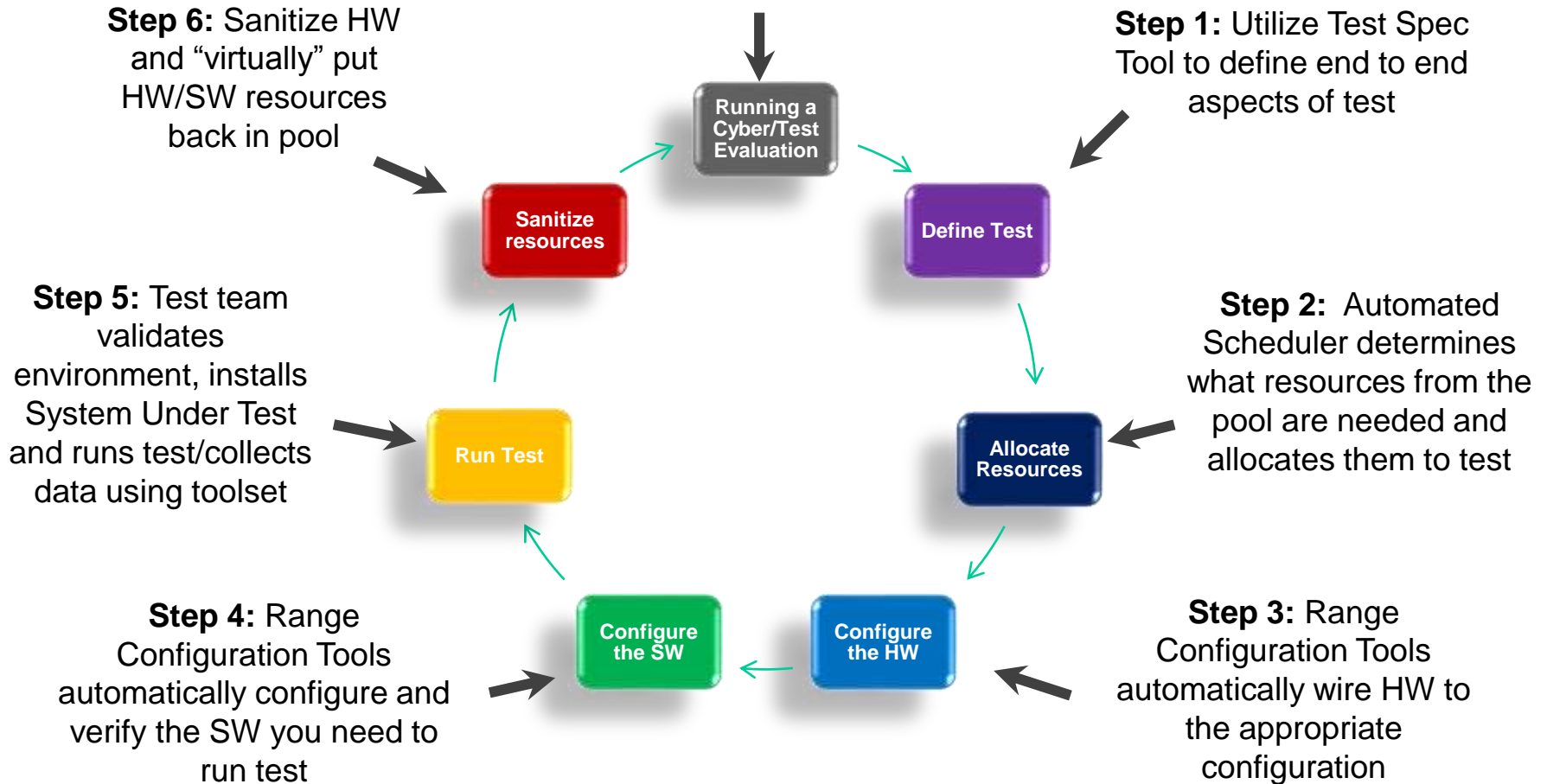
- Common pool of computing and storage resources that can be:
 - Partitioned into multiple testbeds capable of operating at varying classifications concurrently
 - Provide controlled environments in which malicious code can be released
 - Rapidly configured to provide large scale, operational representative networks
 - Provide ability to sanitize exposed systems so they may be reused





NCR Automated Cyber Test Process

Start with a common pool of
HW /SW Resources and
Cyber Tool Set



Efficiency and Accuracy via Automation



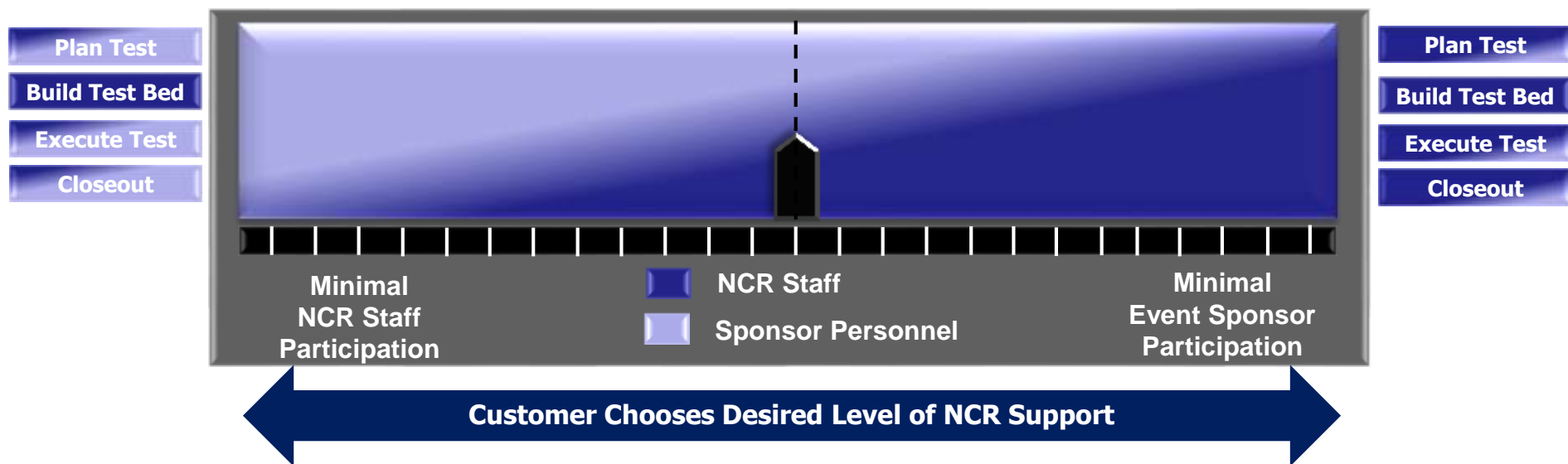
Support Spectrum

Extreme Use Case: Minimal NCR Support

- NCR Staff delivers verified test bed environment and port test sanitization
- Event Sponsor personnel do everything else

Extreme Use Case: Maximum NCR Support

- NCR Staff works w/ event sponsor to define the environment and tests
- NCR Staff essentially does everything else with periodic review



- Easily incorporate distributed event resources
 - Remote red/blue teams
 - Specialty or kinetic assets
 - Additional computing resources

- Other services
 - Develop threat vectors
 - Custom traffic generation
 - Custom sensors and visualization
 - Custom data analysis



Supported Event Types



- **NCR supports a wide variety of cyber event types**
 - R&D testing
 - Product evaluation
 - Training events
 - System emulation
 - Target emulation
 - Mission rehearsal
 - Compliance testing
 - Risk reduction activities
 - Architecture analysis
 - OT&E
 - Malware analysis
 - Forensic analysis / Event Reconstruction
- **Over 90% Utilization in FY14**



Other Cyber Initiatives



Regional Service Delivery Points (RSDPs)



- RSDPs are intended to...
 - provide increased **capacity and scalability** to create persistent, representative cyber-threat environments
 - provide **common range services** (i.e. traffic generation, simulation, instrumentation, visualization, and integrated event management)
 - be **flexible and adaptable** to evolving users requirements
 - support multiple classifications concurrently via MILS architecture
 - be a key component in the **enhanced network infrastructure**
- Deployment
 - Prototype used for continued development
 - Production RSDPs to be geographically dispersed
 - RSDP #1 homed to Army's Threat Systems Management Office (TSMO)
 - RSDP #2 to be deployed early FY15 (location TBD)
 - RSDP # 3 currently production



Provides Enterprise Resources for the Cyber Community



Cyber Range Interoperability Standards (CRIS) Working Group (WG)



- TRMC sponsored WG supported by MIT Lincoln Laboratories
 - Government, Industry and Academia
- Cyber Ranges have been independently developed
 - Tools
 - Processes
 - Architectures
 - Underlying Technologies
 - Lexicon
- Result is stovepipe solutions that are difficult to integrate
 - Limited scalability
 - Increased cost and schedule
- **Goal: Identify key interoperability gaps and recommend solutions/approaches**

Enable Interoperability through Standardization



Questions?

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